

What was the most significant change as a result of the Victorian era?

Key Vocabulary:

Industrial Revolution	Period of time (1760 – 1840), where the manufacturing of goods moved from small shops and houses to large factories.
workhouse	A public institution where the poor received board and lodging in return for work.
industrialisation	Move from agriculture and cottage industries to factories and mass production.
reign	The time that someone is king or queen.
Act of Parliament	Creates a new law or changes an existing law.

Diagrams/Images:



1) Queen Victoria; (2) A Victorian classroom; (3) Portsmouth workhouse

Local History:

Newbridge and many of the houses around it were built by the Victorians. Charles Dickens, a Victorian author, was born in Portsmouth in 1812. Southsea seafront was a popular destination for Victorians. The HMS Warrior, which launched in 1850, was the pride of Queen Victoria's fleet. You can see the ship at Portsmouth Dockyard.

Key Facts:

Queen Victoria was the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and Empress of India. She reigned from 1837 to 1901.

There were many important inventions (including the telephone, gas lamps, pedal bikes, postage stamps, Easter eggs, photography, rubber tyres and steel production).

In medicine, people discovered how to control bacteria use X-rays, and vaccination (for smallpox) was made compulsory for children.

Children from poor families left school at age 10 to go to work, often in factories or mines.

New laws made school compulsory (Education Act) and improved working conditions for children (Factory Act).

The Victorians improved towns and cities, building new houses, sewers, pubs and schools.

What I should already know:

KS1:

- that events in history fit onto a chronological timeline.
- that changes can happen in living memory as well as beyond living memory.

Y3:

- What BC and AD mean on a timeline.
- What primary and secondary sources of evidence are.

Y4:

- An Empire is a group of countries that are joined politically and ruled by an emperor or empress.

Stone Age
Bronze Age
Iron Age

Ancient
Egypt

Ancient
Greece

Romans

Saxons

Vikings

Normans

Tudors

Victorians

Titanic

WW II

3300BC

1200BC

6000BC

800BC

43AD

450

793

1066

1485

1837

1912

1939